CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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PART I INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS

PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

County Judge	Carroll Gerber
Commissioner, Precinct #1	Tom McLain
Commissioner, Precinct #2	Tim Elliott
Commissioner, Precinct #3	Steve Smith
Commissioner, Precinct #4	Ralph Brockman
Judge, 64 th Judicial District	Rob Kincaid, Jr.
Judge, 242 nd Judicial District	Kregg Hukill
County and District Attorney	Shalyn Hamlin
County and District Clerk	JoAnna Blanco
County Tax Assessor/Collector	Pamala Rickert
County Treasurer	Kristen Yorton
County Sheriff	Salvador Rivera
Justice of the Peace	Oreda Campbell
Constable	Ray Aleman
County Auditor	Pauline George

PART II FINANCIAL SECTION

To The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Castro County, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund with its respective budgetary comparison schedule, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Castro County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund with its respective budgetary comparison schedule, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Castro County, Texas, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Castro County, Texas Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of employer contributions on pages 3 – 7 and pages 39 – 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Castro County, Texas' financial statements as a whole. The combining non-major and agency fund financial statements listed under other supplementary information in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining non-major and agency fund financial statements listed under other supplementary information in the accompanying table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2016, on our consideration of Castro County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Castro County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

January 22, 2016

CASTRO COUNTY DIMMITT, TEXAS

PAULINE GEORGE COUNTY AUDITOR

(806) 647-3771 FAX (806) 647-3052

pgeorge@castrocounty.org



THE ROSS BUILDING

DIMMITT, TEXAS 79027

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Castro County, we offer readers of Castro County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Castro County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The assets of Castro County exceed its liabilities at September 30, 2015 by \$5,382,964 (net position). Of this amount \$3,763,699 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$405,018 (restricted net position) legally must be used for expenditures for specified purposes, such as library, juvenile probation, etc., and \$1,214,247 of the County's equity is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County's total long-term debt outstanding at September 30, 2015 was zero.
- The net position (equity) of the County decreased by \$310,562 during the 2015 fiscal year.

Fund Financial Statements

- As of September 30, 2015, Castro County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,010,497. This fund balance reflects a decrease of \$407,424 for the current year. Approximately 59.4% of fund balance \$2,382,605 is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- As of September 30, 2015 nonspendable fund balance consisted of \$38,281 for prepaid expenses and restricted fund balance and committed special fund was \$1,589,611.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Castro County's basic financial statements. Castro County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of Castro County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Castro County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements reflect functions of Castro County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of Castro County include administrative, judicial, legal, public facilities, public safety, public services and road and bridge.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Castro County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Castro County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Castro County maintains two governmental fund types which are the general fund and special revenue funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, combined road and bridge funds for each of the County's four precincts (special revenue funds), which are both considered to be major funds. Data from the other non-major governmental funds (special revenue funds) are combined into the aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds (special revenue funds), as well as the individual road and bridge precincts, is provided in the form of combined statements elsewhere in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 13 of this report.

Castro County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, road and bridge fund (special revenue fund), and various other special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and the County's various road and bridge funds to demonstrate the County's compliance with the budget on pages 14-18.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by Castro County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units. The County's fiduciary funds are all reported as Agency Funds. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's basic programs. The basic agency fund financial statement can be found on page 19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the date provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements in this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds (special revenue funds), individual road and bridge precincts, and agency funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements can be found on pages 41 - 49 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINACIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Castro County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,382,964 at September 30, 2015 as detailed below:

Statement of Net Position

	09/30/15	9/30/2014			
Governmental Activities:					
Assets:					
Current and other assets	\$ 4,434,113	\$ 4,821,212			
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,214,249	1,114,240			
Total assets	5,648,362	5,935,452			
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension contributions	165,692	-			
Pension deficient earnings	91,544	***			
Total deferred outflows of resources	257,236	-			
Liabilities:					
Current and other liabilities	241,859	187,575			
Net pension liability	91,285	-			
Long-term liabilities	32,642	54,351			
Total liabilities	365,786	241,926			
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Pension economic/demographic gain	67,848				
Total deferred inflows of resources	67,848	<u></u>			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	1,214,249	1,114,239			
Restricted net position	405,018	441,827			
Unrestricted net position	3,763,697	4,137,460			
Total net position	\$ 5,382,964	\$ 5,693,526			

\$1,214,249 of Castro County's net position (21.8 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. Castro County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Castro County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The government's net position decreased by \$310,562 during the year ended September 30, 2015 as noted below:

Statement of Activities

	Net		
	Change	09/30/15	9/30/2014
Governmental Activities			
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for service	587	848,476	847,889
Operating grants and contributions	65,526	418,979	353,453
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-
General Revenue			
Property taxes	(53,602)	2,689,665	2,743,267
Other taxes	14,391	260,800	246,409
Sale of assets	84,796	99,500	14,704
Investment earnings	(1,747)	19,006	20,753
Miscellaneous revenues	(58,702)	89,200	147,902
Total revenues	51,249	4,425,626	4,374,377
Expenses			
General government	(112,167)	707,023	819,190
Judicial	1,867	350,134	348,267
Public facilities	47,385	476,813	429,428
Public safety	247,153	1,681,312	1,434,159
Public Services	(6,469)	92,561	99,030
Road and bridge	13,226	1,351,289	1,338,063
Total expenses	190,995	4,659,132	4,468,137
Change in net assets before transfers	(139,746)	(233,506)	(93,760)
Prior period restatement / Transfers	(77,056)	(77,056)	•
Change in net assets	(216,802)	(310,562)	(93,760)
Net assets - beginning of year		5,693,526	5,787,286
Net assets - ending of year		5,382,964	5,693,526

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Castro County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Govenmental funds. The focus of Castro County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Castro County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2015, Castro County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,010,497. Approximately 59 percent of this total amount or \$2,382,605 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either restricted for special revenue purposes or committed to special projects, \$1,589,611 or in a nonspendable form (prepaid insurance) in the amount of \$38,281.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. The unassigned fund balance at September 30, 2015 represents 81.9 percent of the total general fund expenditures.

FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The orgininal budget for the General Fund reflected a deficit of \$633,678, which drew upon fund balance. The final amended budget resulted in a deficit of \$476,093. The actual expenditures were \$204,833 less than the final budgeted amounts, and the actual revenues and net transfers in were \$64,131 more than was budgeted resulting in a favorable variance of \$268,964.

In the Road and Bridge Funds (special revenue funds), the combined original budgets reflect a deficit of \$276,346 which drew upon fund blance. The final amended budgets resulted in a deficit of \$322,146. The combined actual expenditures were \$154,848 less than the final budgeted amounts, and combined actual revenues and net transfers were \$8,574 more than was budgeted resulting in a favorable variance of \$163,422.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Castro County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2015, amounts to \$1,214,249 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, funiture and equipment. The County follows guidance from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") for accounting for and reporting of infrastructure assets (roads and bridges). Consequently, the County does not currently have any infrastructure assets that are required to be included on the government wide financial statements.

Governmental activites capital assets were as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

Land	9/30/2015 \$ 14,388	9/30/2014 \$ 14,388
Buildings and Improvements Equipment	270,514 929,347	284,178 <u>815,674</u>
Total	1.214.249	1,114,240

Additional information on Castro County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

Capital Leases Payable. During the year ended September 30, 2015 Castro County had no capital lease payables.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NET YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The agriculture economy in the region is stable.
- The County promotes and encourages economic development to improve the economy.
- Castro County's goal is to improve the quality of life of all its citizens.

All of these factors were considered in preparing Castro County's budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Castro County's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Auditor, Castro County Courthouse, 100 E. Bedford, Dimmitt, TX 79027.



CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		vernmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,147,230
Investments		1,998,117
Delinquent taxes receivable, net		40,499
Accounts receivable, net		86,619
Due from other governmental entities		34,367
Prepaid expenses		38,281
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,214,249
Total assets	***************************************	5,559,362
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension contributions		165,692
Pension deficient earnings		91,544
Total deferred outflows of resources	Name of the Association (Association (Associ	257,236
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		60,638
Accrued payroll and benefits		100,509
Due to other governmental entities		23,132
Deferred revenues		57,580
Net pension liability		91,285
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		3,300
Due in more than one year	wareness	29,342
Total liabilities		365,786
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension economic/demographic gains		67,848
Total deferred inflows of resources	***	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total deferred inflows of resources	***************************************	67,848
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:		1,214,249
By enabling legislation for special projects		282,383
Special projects		122,635
Unrestricted	The state of the s	3,763,697
Total net position	\$	5,382,964

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Program Revenues Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Services Contributions Contributions				Ri N N Go	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in et Position Primary overnment overnmental Activities	
Primary government										
Governmental Activities:							_		_	
Administrative	\$	707,023	\$	212,289	\$	16,958	\$	-	\$	(477,776)
Judicial		350,134		40,520		58,797		-		(250,817)
Public facilities		476,813		29,334		42,000		-		(405,479)
Public safety		1,681,312		39,908		275,807		-		(1,365,597)
Road and bridge Public services		1,351,289 92,561		526,425		25,417		-		(799,447)
r done services		92,301				*		-		(92,561)
Total	\$	4,659,132	\$	848,476	\$	418,979	\$	-		(3,391,677)
		eneral revenu Taxes:	es:							
		Property tax	es							1,995,476
		Property tax	es, lev	vied for road	and br	idge				694,189
		Sales and m	iscella	aneous taxes						260,800
		Interest earnin	gs							19,006
		Miscellaneous	;							89,200
	!	Gain on sale o	f capi	tal assets						99,500
		Total genera	l reve	nues						3,158,171
		Change in ne	et pos	ition					***************************************	(233,506)
		Net position -	hegin	ning						5,693,526
		Prior period re	_	***						(77,056)
		Net assets - be			i					5,616,470
		NI stance 11							ф.	
		Net position -	enain	g					<u> </u>	5,382,964

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	***************************************	General		Combined Road and Bridge		on-Major vernmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Delinquent taxes receivable, net Accounts receivable, net Due from other funds Due from other governmental entities Prepaid expenses	\$	557,871 1,964,519 30,261 86,619 6,841 34,367 24,113	\$	1,163,975 33,598 10,238 - - - 14,106	\$	425,384 - - - - - - - 62	\$	2,147,230 1,998,117 40,499 86,619 6,841 34,367 38,281
Total assets	\$	2,704,591	\$	1,221,917	\$	425,446	\$	4,351,954
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued payroll and benefits Due to other governmental entities Deferred revenue	\$	30,787 54,866 23,132 57,580	\$	22,414 - 40,382 -	\$	7,437 6,841 5,261	\$	60,638 6,841 100,509 23,132 57,580
Total liabilities	10-11-0-11-11	166,365	***************************************	62,796	Tendenossississis	19,539	***************************************	248,700
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - other receivables		24,081 60,536	···	8,140	•		·····	32,221 60,536
Total deferred inflows of resources	•	84,617	*****	8,140	***************************************		(mananana	92,757
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Restricted:		24,113		14,106		62		38,281
By enabling legislation for special projects By outside donation Committed:		-		-		282,383 122,635		282,383 122,635
Special projects Unassigned (deficit)		42,373 2,387,123		1,136,875		5,345 (4,518)		1,184,593 2,382,605
Total fund balances		2,453,609		1,150,981		405,907		4,010,497
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,704,591	\$	1,221,917	\$	425,446	\$	4,351,954

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	4,010,497
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	nt	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		1,214,249
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, as shown as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements	re	92,757
Pension gains are shown as deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements Pension economic/demographic gains	al	(67,848)
Pension deficient earnings are shown as deferred outflows of resources in the governmen wide financial statements Pension deficient earnings	t-	91,544
Pension contributions paid after the measurement date, December 31, 2014, and before September 30, 2015 are expensed in the governmental funds and shown as deferre outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. Pension contributions		165,692
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are no reported in the funds: Compensated absences	ot	(32,642)
Net pension liability Net position - governmental activities	\$	5,382,964

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	-	General		Combined Road and Bridge		on-Major vernmental	Go	Total evernmental Funds
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	2,090,550	\$	694,189	\$	-	\$	2,784,739
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		260,800		-		-		260,800
Licenses and fees		148,329		526,425		67,892		742,646
Fines and forfeitures		127,679		-		6,037		133,716
Intergovernmental		96,512		25,416		297,051		418,979
Interest earnings		13,341		4,877		788		19,006
Miscellaneous		63,361		16,646	-	9,193		89,200
Total revenues		2,800,572		1,267,553	***************************************	380,961		4,449,086
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Administrative		839,321		-		30,630		869,951
Judicial		330,443		-		19,472		349,915
Public facilities		340,729		_		128,345		469,074
Public safety		1,293,634		-		14,356		1,307,990
Road and bridge		1,160		1,149,002		486		1,150,648
Public services		89,938		-		320,476		410,414
Capital outlay		21,243	•	277,275	******	w	***************************************	298,518
Total expenditures	*******	2,916,468	WARRAN	1,426,277		513,765		4,856,510
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	************	(115,896)		(158,724)		(132,804)		(407,424)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		91,233		91,233
Transfers out		(91,233)				**	•	(91,233)
Total other financing sources (uses)	***************************************	(91,233)	***************************************	-		91,233		**
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(207,129)		(158,724)		(41,571)		(407,424)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	***************************************	2,660,738	•	1,309,705		447,478		4,417,921
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	2,453,609	\$	1,150,981	\$	405,907	\$	4,010,497

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (407,424)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the amount by which capital outlays, \$298,518, were exceeded by depreciation, \$298,009, in the current period.	509
The Statement of Activities reports gains arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.	99,500
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. This amount represents the change in unavailable revenue.	(122,960)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences, net change	21,709
Pension contributions, net change	16,285
Pension ecomonimc/demographic gains	(67,847)
Pension deficient earnings	91,544
Net pension liability, net change	 135,178

(233,506)

Change in net position of governmental activities

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Budgeted Amounts

		Duagetee	A Z KILLO	unts				
		Original Final		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES	***************************************	Original	lana-iya nakirini	1,11191		Amounts		iai buuget
Property taxes	\$	2,048,533	\$	2,048,533	\$	2,090,550	\$	42,017
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		177,000		298,500		260,800		(37,700)
Licenses and fees		111,000		111,000		148,329		37,329
Fines and forfeitures		131,560		131,560		127,679		(3,881)
Intergovernmental		63,800		87,345		96,512		9,167
Investment earnings		15,600		15,600		13,341		(2,259)
Miscellaneous		34,080		79,170		63,361		(15,809)
Total revenues	***************************************	2,581,573		2,771,708		2,800,572		28,864
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Administrative		973,043		964,733		839,321		125,412
Judicial		358,647		361,812		330,443		31,369
Public facilities		328,486		364,256		340,729		23,527
Public safety		1,282,605		1,302,005		1,293,634		8,371
Road and bridge		2,000		2,000		1,160		840
Public services		95,670		95,670		89,938		5,732
Capital outlay		48,300		30,825		21,243		9,582
Total expenditures		3,088,751		3,121,301	*******	2,916,468		204,833
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	*************	(507,178)		(349,593)	***************************************	(115,896)		233,697
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(126,500)		(126,500)		(91,233)		35,267
Total other financing sources								
(uses)	V	(126,500)	-	(126,500)	·	(91,233)	•••••	35,267
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(633,678)		(476,093)		(207,129)		268,964
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	Minpheducators	2,660,738		2,660,738		2,660,738		-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	2,027,060	\$	2,184,645	\$	2,453,609	\$	268,964

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS PRECINCT #1 ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance With Original Final Amounts Final Budget **REVENUES** Property taxes \$ 180,087 \$ 180,087 \$ 183,960 \$ 3,873 Licenses and fees 151,900 151,900 143,916 (7,984)Intergovernmental 6,400 6,400 6,354 (46)Investment earnings 1,200 1,200 1,082 (118)Miscellaneous 3,715 3,715 Total revenues 339,587 339,587 339,027 (560)**EXPENDITURES** Current: Road and bridge 339,546 390,966 349,248 41,718 Capital outlay 50,000 33,580 21,000 12,580 Total expenditures 389,546 424,546 370,248 54,298 **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES** OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (49,959)(84,959)(31,221)53,738 **FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING** 306,775 306,775 306,775 **FUND BALANCE - ENDING** 256,816 221,816 \$ 275,554 53,738

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS PRECINCT #2 ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts							
	######################################	Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	173,291	\$	173,291	\$	177,018	\$	3,727
Licenses and fees		139,000		139,000		134,239		(4,761)
Intergovernmental		6,400		6,400		6,354		(46)
Investment earnings		1,125		1,125		1,129		4
Miscellaneous	***************************************	*		-		2,683		2,683
Total revenues	***************************************	319,816	***************************************	319,816	••••	321,423		1,607
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Road and bridge		315,403		315,403		280,602		34,801
Capital outlay		80,000		80,000	-	69,272	***************************************	10,728
Total expenditures		395,403		395,403		349,874		45,529
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(75,587)		(75,587)		(28,451)		47,136
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	***************************************	257,830		257,830		257,830		-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	182,243	\$	182,243	\$	229,379	\$	47,136

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS PRECINCT #3 ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance With Original Final Amounts Final Budget REVENUES Property taxes \$ 163,098 163,098 \$ \$ 166,604 3,506 Licenses and fees 134,500 134,500 128,547 (5,953)Intergovernmental 6,400 6,400 6,354 (46)Investment earnings 1,240 1,240 1,322 82 Miscellaneous 7,729 7,729 Total revenues 305,238 305,238 310,556 5,318 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Road and bridge 278,735 278,735 240,638 38,097 Capital outlay 45,450 45,450 29,013 16,437 Total expenditures 324,185 324,185 269,651 54,534 **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (18,947)(18,947)40,905 59,852 **FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING** 335,174 335,174 335,174 **FUND BALANCE - ENDING** 316,227 316,227 \$ 376,079 59,852

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS PRECINCT #4 ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance With Original Final Amounts Final Budget **REVENUES** Property taxes \$ 163,098 \$ 163,098 \$ 166,607 \$ 3,509 Licenses and fees 123,400 123,400 119,723 (3,677)Intergovernmental 6,400 6,400 6,354 (46)Investment earnings 1,440 1,440 1,344 (96)Miscellaneous 2,519 2,519 Total revenues 294,338 296,547 294,338 2,209 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Road and bridge 276,191 278,991 278,514 477 Capital outlay 150,000 158,000 157,990 10 Total expenditures 436,991 487 426,191 436,504 **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (131,853)(142,653)(139,957)2,696 **FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING** 409,926 409,926 409,926

278,073

267,273

269,969

2,696

FUND BALANCE - ENDING

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,546	8_
Total assets	\$ 113,54	8
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,433	3
Due to other governments	47,990)
Deposits	64,125	5
Total liabilities	\$ 113,546	8

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Castro County, Texas (County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles)(GAAP) for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County, incorporated in 1876, is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County is governed by the Commissioners Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County provides a variety of services to advance the welfare, morale, comfort, safety and convenience of the County and its citizens.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing the County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. Therefore, the County is not only financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity, but also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either, it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the County.

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-like activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Fines and forfeitures are recognized when they have been assessed and adjudicated and earned. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continuation

Government-Wide Statements - Continuation

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the County's programs are offset by those programs' revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by the program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and/or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*. In miscellaneous general revenues are non-program specific contributions including capital assets contributions.

Fiduciary funds are excluded in the government-wide presentation of the financial statements.

Fund-Level Statements

All governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers property taxes and other revenues as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Grant and entitlement revenues are also susceptible to accrual. These funds are accounted for on a spending "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Any proprietary funds, including internal service and fiduciary funds, including agency funds, are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses when they are incurred. Claims incurred but not reported are included in payables and expenses. These funds are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus.

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the County. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for administrative, judicial, public facilities, public safety, public services, and capital acquisition.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

B. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continuation

Fund-Level Statements - Continuation

The <u>Combined Road and Bridge Fund</u> is a special revenue fund used to account for the revenues derived from property taxes and license fees levied for purposes of road and bridge expenditures.

Fiduciary fund level financial statements include fiduciary funds which are classified into private purpose trust and agency funds. The County has only agency funds which are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and other funds. Agency funds do not involve a formal trust agreement. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Use of Restricted Assets

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Statutes authorize the County to keep funds in demand deposits, time deposits, or securities of the United States. The County's custodial banks are required to pledge for the purpose of securing County funds, securities of the following kind, in an amount equal to the amount of such County funds: bonds and notes of the United States, securities of indebtedness of the United States, bonds of the State of Texas, or of any county, city, or independent school district, and various other bonds as described in Texas Statutes.

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act"), to adopt, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written, primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity, address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management, and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested, and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment policies. Audit procedures in this area, conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements, disclosed that in the area of investment practices, management has established and reports appropriate policies. The County adheres to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County are in accordance with local polices.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity - Continuation

2. Receivables and Payables - Continuation

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unavailable revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,702,264.

Payables consist of vendor obligations for goods and services as well as funds payable to others when the criteria for their release have been met.

3. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues

Property taxes are based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after January 31 of the following year unless the half payment option is elected in which one-half the tax is due November 30, and the balance the following June 30. Tax collections between October and December are considered early and are entitled to discounts. Tax collections after February 1 are treated as late payments and are subject to penalty and interest. Uncollected taxes from the current tax roll become delinquent on July 1 and are subject to additional penalties and interest. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior years' levies are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$135,586.

4. Assets Limited as to Use or Restricted

Certain funds are set aside and classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in a separate bank account and their use is restricted by third parties or state laws and regulations.

5. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity - Continuation

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and improvements, and vehicles and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The County has opted to not retroactively report infrastructure assets. According to the County's capitalization policy, capital assets, such as equipment, are defined as individual assets (or systems of assets) having a cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings and improvements 5 - 40 years Vehicles and equipment 5 - 20 years

7. Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation and comp time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered
- leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

Regular full-time employees are entitled to vacation of one to three weeks (depending upon years of service and employee classification) per year as earned. Vacation time earned, but not taken, is paid upon termination, but cannot be accumulated beyond what would be earned in one year plus one week. Compensation time is accrued at one and one-half the employee's regular rate for each hour worked over forty hours in a work week. After it is accrued, it is treated like vacation time earned and is paid upon termination. Sick leave accrues at 6.66 hours per month; however, unused sick leave is not paid upon termination. Accrued vacation leave and comp time are accrued in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the contributions and other items related to the County's pension plan reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity - Continuation

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – Continuation

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other item, *pension economic/demographic gains*, is related to the changes in the County's net pension liability and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Texas County and District Retirement System Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable forms, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, the Commissioners' Court. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution or ordinance).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continuation

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity - Continuation

10. Fund Balances – Continuation

Assigned Fund Balance – includes amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) Commissioners' Court or (b) a body (budget, finance committee, or County Official) to which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – this classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

11. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three categories.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, enabling legislation, or constitutional provisions.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount includes all net position amounts that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the proposed budget is submitted to the Commissioners' Court.
- 2. The Commissioners' Court provides for a public hearing on the County budget subsequent to August 15, and prior to the levy of taxes by the Commissioners' Court.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continuation

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> – Continuation

- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by order of the Commissioners' Court for the General Fund, and the Road and Bridge Funds.
- 4. The budget is prepared by fund and department with the legal level of control at the department level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed account or object class budgets within the departments. Emergency expenditures to meet unusual and unforeseen conditions which could not, by reasonable diligent thought and attention, have been included in the original budget, whereby total expenditures of a department have been increased must be authorized by the Court as emergency amendments to the original budget. Management may not amend the budget at any level without approval of the Commissioners' Court. The Court has the authority to make such changes in the budget, in its judgment of facts, the law warrant, and the interest of the taxpayers demand, provided the amounts budgeted for the current expenditures from the various funds for the County do not exceed appropriations, including fund balances from the prior fiscal periods. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original budget amounts and all supplemental appropriations. Supplemental appropriations to the original adopted budget are in the Final Budget Amounts column of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Funds.
- 5. Budgets for the General and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP on the modified accrual basis of accounting on an annual basis.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration on an annual basis is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Funds.
- 7. All appropriations, except those in grant funds, lapse at the end of the County's fiscal year and may be re-budgeted the next year.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the County's cash and deposit balances as of September 30, 2015:

Cash and deposit balances consist of: Cash on hand Bank deposits	\$	1,100 2,259,678
Total	\$	2,260,778
Cash and deposit balances are reported in the basic financial statements as follows: Government-wide Statement of Net Position:		
Unrestricted Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position	\$	2,147,230 113,548
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,260,778

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continuation

As of September 30, 2015, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Governmental activities Certificates of deposit (interest rates .70%)	\$ 1,998,117	
Total fair value Portfolio weighted average maturity	\$ 1,998,117	366

Custodial credit risk – deposits. As of September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the County's deposits with financial institutions was \$4,257,795 and the bank's balance was \$4,353,654. Of the bank balance, \$367,712 was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining \$3,985,942 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's agent in the County's name.

Interest rate risk is the risk that adverse changes in interest rates will result in an adverse effect on the fair value of an investment. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by maintaining its cash in interest-bearing demand accounts, or in certificates of deposit with weighted average maturities of one year or less.

Credit risk is the risk that an insurer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law and County policy limit investments in local government pools to those rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single insurer. As of September 30, 2015, 100% of the County's carrying value of cash was deposited with the County's depository banks and was adequately secured as described above.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAX

The State of Texas Constitutional tax rate limit for both operations and debt service is \$.80 on each \$100 of assessed valuation. The tax rate on the 2014 tax roll was \$.4065 per \$100, which means that the County has a tax margin of \$.3935 per \$100 and could raise up to \$2,044,350 additional revenue from the 2014 assessed valuation of \$519,529,940 before the limit is reached.

The State of Texas Constitutional tax rate limit for the maintenance of farm-to-market roads is \$.30 on each \$100 of assessed valuation. The tax rate on the 2014 tax roll was \$.1355 per \$100, which means that the County has a tax margin of \$.1645 per \$100 and could raise up to \$850,533 additional revenue from the 2014 assessed valuation of \$517,041,520 before the limit is reached.

NOTE 5 – SALES TAX

The County is entitled by provision of the State of Texas to a one-cent sales tax on all sales that occur within the County. The tax is assessed as a property tax reduction, for the County to use as general revenues. This sales tax is remitted monthly by the Comptroller of the State of Texas.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair market value at the date of receipt. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, depreciation policies were adopted to include useful lives and classification by function. As stated earlier, the County has not opted to report its infrastructure retroactively.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	14,388	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	14,388
		1,,000						1,,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	***************************************	14,388	***************************************				***************************************	14,388
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		960,517		_		-		960,517
Vehicles and equipment		3,760,759		398,018		(184,139)		3,974,638
Total capital assets, being depreciated		4,721,276	***************************************	398,018		(184,139)	********	4,935,155
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(676,339)		(13,664)		-		(690,003)
Vehicles and equipment	(2,945,085)		(284,345)		184,139		(3,045,291)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,621,424)		(298,009)	***************************************	184,139		(3,735,294)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	***************************************	1,099,852	***************************************	100,009		-		1,199,861
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,114,240	\$	100,009	\$	_	\$	1,214,249

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continuation

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2015 was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
Administrative	\$ 14,522
Public facilities	10,384
Public safety	57,250
Road and bridge	215,853
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 298,009

NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description: Castro County provides retirement and death benefits for all of its employees, except temporary employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 677 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

Benefits Provided: The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County (employer), within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms: At September 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	37
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	69
Active employees	61

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continuation

Contributions: The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually.

The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 11.18% for the months of the accounting year in 2014 and 11.02% for the months of the accounting year in 2015. The contribution rate payable by the employee members is 7.0% for fiscal year 2015 as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Net Pension Liability: The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases General wage inflation component of 3.5% and a

merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.4% per year for career

employees.

Investment rate of return 8.10%

Cost-of-living adjustments None

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2014 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 – December 31, 2012, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant based on January 2015 information for a 7-10 year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013.

NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Geometric Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation)
US Equities	16.50%	5.35%
Private Equity	12.00%	8.35%
Global Equities	1.50%	5.65%
International Equities - Developed	11.00%	5.35%
International Equities - Emerging	9.00%	6.35%
Investment-Grade Bonds	3.00%	0.55%
High-Yield Bonds	3.00%	3.75%
Opportunistic Credit	5.00%	5.54%
Direct Lending	2.00%	5.80%
Distressed Debt	3.00%	6.75%
REIT Equities	2.00%	4.00%
Commodities	2.00%	-0.20%
Master Limited Partnerships	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	3.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	25.00%	5.15%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.10%. The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continuation

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternatives methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Changes in the Net Pension Liability / (Asset):

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Т	otal Pension Liability (a)	<u> </u>	Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension pility / (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances as of December 31, 2013	\$	8,521,837	\$	8,295,373	\$	226,464		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		245,996		-		245,996		
Interest on total pension liability (1)		682,578		-		682,578		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(101,772)		-		(101,772)		
Refund of contributions		(38,895)		(38,895)		-		
Benefit payments		(400,778)		(400,778)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(6,585)		6,585		
Member contributions		-		124,961		(124,961)		
Net investment income		_		562,485		(562,485)		
Employer contributions		_		299,581		(299,581)		
Other (2)	-	set	***************************************	(18,461)	·	18,461		
Balances as of December 31, 2014	\$	8,908,966	\$	8,817,681	\$	91,285		

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability / (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 7.10%		D	Current iscount Rate 8.10%	1% Increase 9.10%		
Total pension liability	\$	9,913,011	\$	8,908,966	\$	8,075,953	
Fiduciary net position	**************************************	8,817,681		8,817,681		8,817,681	
Net pension liability / (asset)	<u>\$</u>	1,095,330	\$	91,285	\$	(741,728)	

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

NOTE 7 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continuation

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TCDRS financial report.

Pension Expense / (Income):

	Janua	ary 1, 2014 to
	Decei	mber 31, 2014
Service cost	\$	245,996
Interest on total pension liability (1)		682,578
Effect of plan changes		-
Administrative expenses		6,585
Member contributions		(124,961)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses		(676,915)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources		
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses		(33,924)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs		-
Recognition of investment gains or losses		22,886
Other (2)		18,461
Pension expense / (income)	\$	140,706

- (1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.
- (2) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources: As of December 31, 2014, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	_	red Inflows Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	67,848	\$ • -	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-	91,544	
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		N/A	165,692	

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continuation

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2015	\$ (11,038)
2016	(11,038)
2017	22,886
2018	22,886
2019	-
Thereafter	_

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Individual Fund Interfund Receivables and Payables

Fund	Interfund Receivables		
General Fund Special Revenue Funds:	\$ 6,841	\$	-
Castro/Swisher Juvenile Probation	-		3,600
County Clerk Records Management	 ***	***************************************	3,241
	\$ 6,841	\$	6,841

The primary purpose of interfund receivables and payables is the reimbursement of the General Fund for expenditures paid on behalf of the special revenue funds.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continuation

Interfund Transfers

Fund	Interfund Transfers In		Interfund Transfers Out	
General Fund	\$	\$	91,233	
Special Revenue Funds:				
Castro/Swisher Juvenile Probation	32,733		•	
Rhoads Memorial Library	42,000		-	
County Law Library	 16,500	***************************************	**	
	\$ 91,233	\$	91,233	

The primary purpose for interfund transfers is to move revenues from various funds to finance various programs and operations in other funds that the County must account for separately in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$ 54,351	\$	52,802	\$	(74,511)	\$ 32,642	\$ 3,300
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 54,351	\$	52,802	\$	(74,511)	\$ 32,642	\$ 3,300

NOTE 10 – OPERATING LEASES

The County leases various pieces of equipment under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$12,322 for the year ended September 30, 2015. The future minimum lease payments for these are as follows:

2017 2018	**************************************	5,688 4,740
Total Future Lease Payments	\$	16,669

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County's major areas of risk management are: public officials', law enforcement, and automobile liability, general comprehensive liability and property damage, workers' compensation, and employee health insurance. The County has obtained insurance with an insurance company and a public entity risk pool in which all risk is transferred to those entities for all the above areas. The County pays a deductible per incident except on the employee health insurance in which the deductible is the responsibility of the employee. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the previous three years.

NOTE 12 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The beginning net position on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position was changed due to the adoption of GASB Statements 67 and 68 and the resulting requirement to report the net pension liability and the deferred outflow of resources due to employer contributions. The following schedule summarizes the prior period adjustment:

Net pension liability as determined at the 12/31/13 measurement date	\$	(226,464)
Deferred outflow of resources for employer contributions paid after the 12/31/13 measurement date and before the 9/30/14 fiscal year end date	*************	149,408
Prior period adjustment	\$	(77,056)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Fiscal Years

				Year Ende	d Decer	nber 31,		
		2014		2013		2012		2011
Total Pension Liability:								
Service cost	\$	245,996	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
Interest on total pension liability (1)		682,578		N/A		N/A		N/A
Effect of plan changes		-		N/A		N/A		N/A
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic		-		N/A		N/A		N/A
(gains) or losses		(101,772)		N/A		N/A		N/A
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(439,673)		N/A		N/A		N/A
Net change in total pension liability		387,129		N/A		N/A		N/A
Total pension liability, beginning	***************************************	8,521,837		N/A		N/A	ww	N/A
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	8,908,966	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	<u>\$</u>	N/A
Fiduciary Net Position:								
Employer contributions	\$	299,581	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
Member contributions Investment income net of investment		124,961		N/A		N/A		N/A
expenses		562,485		N/A		N/A		N/A
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		(439,673)		N/A		N/A		N/A
Administrative expenses		(6,585)		N/A		N/A		N/A
Other	*******	(18,461)	***************************************	N/A		N/A		N/A
Net change in fiduciary net position		522,308		N/A		N/A		N/A
Fiduciary net position, beginning	******	8,295,373		N/A	-	N/A		N/A
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	8,817,681	\$	N/A	_ \$	N/A	\$	N/A
Net pension liability / (asset),								
ending = (a) - (b)	\$	91,285	\$	N/A	_ \$	N/A		N/A
Fiduciary net position as a % of								
total pension liability		98.98%		N/A		N/A		N/A
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	1,785,150	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
Net pension liability as a % of	Ψ	1,. 00,100	*	2 11 4 E	Ψ	A 11 A A	Ψ	11111
covered payroll		5.11%		N/A		N/A		N/A

This schedule is presented to show information for 10 years in accordance with the standards of GASB 68. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 68, they have not been shown. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new standard has been implemented.

Year Ended December 31,

	2010		2000	***************************************	Year Ende	ed Decei			2006		
	2010		2009 2008				2007		2006		2005
\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A	····	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
\$	N/A	_ \$	N/A	\$	N/A		N/A	\$	N/A		N/A
\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
	N/A	·	N/A	•	N/A	,	N/A	•	N/A	*	N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A	-	N/A	ridnest decemens.	N/A		N/A	****	N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
\$	N/A	_ \$	N/A	_ \$	N/A	_ \$	N/A		N/A	\$	N/A
\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
Ψ	1771	= 	1471	<u> </u>	IVA	<u> </u>	IVIA	= ==	IVA	= <u> </u>	1WA
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
7		*		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

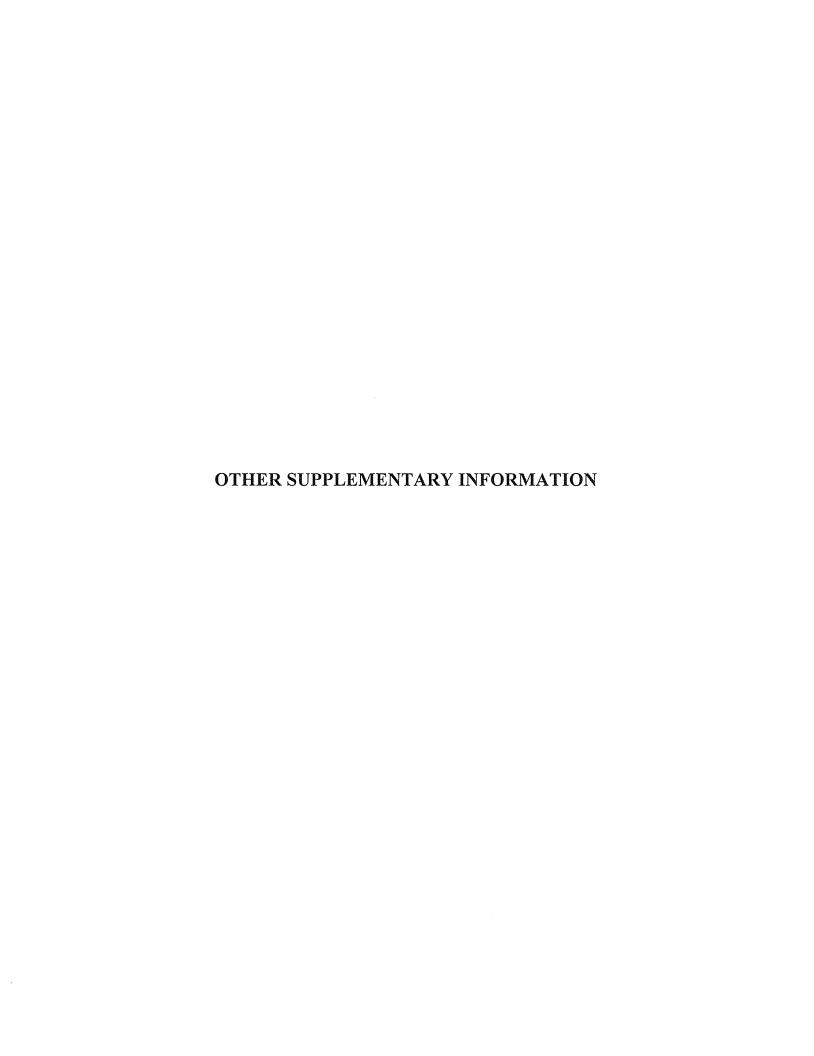
CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

Year Ending December 31:	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2005	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
2006	\$ 113,174	\$ 113,174	\$ -	\$ 1,395,485	8.1%
2007	121,115	121,115	-	1,475,208	8.2%
2008	113,677	113,677	~	1,525,860	7.5%
2009	114,210	114,210	-	1,579,665	7.2%
2010	155,127	155,127	-	1,634,639	9.5%
2011	149,373	149,384	(11)	1,634,282	9.1%
2012	152,808	152,808	-	1,684,701	9.1%
2013	186,129	186,129	-	1,777,734	10.5%
2014	199,581	299,581	(100,000)	1,785,150	16.8%

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS

Following are the key assumptions and methods used in this GASB analysis.

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method Smoothing period Recognition method Corridor	5 years Non-asymptotic None
Inflation	3%
Salary increases	General wage inflation component of 3.5% and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.4% per year for career employees.
Investment rate of return	8.1%
Cost-of-living adjustments	None
Retirement age	Expected retirement ages have been adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience using factors of age and gender.
Mortality	The RP-2000 Mortality Tables were utilized.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific sources that are legally restricted or committed by the County to expenditures for specified purposes.

Castro/Swisher Juvenile Probation Department – The Castro/Swisher Juvenile Probation Department accounts for grants received from the Texas Juvenile Justice Department as well as local funds used for providing juvenile probation services.

Centennial Plaza – The Centennial Plaza Fund accounts for funds donated by the residents of Castro County. The funds are restricted by the donors for improvements made to the plaza.

Hazel Merritt Bequest – The Hazel Merritt Bequest Fund accounts for funds that were left to Castro County, Texas by Hazel Merritt. The funds are restricted by the terms of the will for the benefit of the library.

Rhoads Memorial Library Donations & Memorials – The Rhoads Memorial Library Donations & Memorials Fund accounts for funds that are donated to the County. The funds are restricted by the donors for the benefit of the library.

Rhoads Memorial Library – The Rhoads Memorial Library Fund accounts for funds received from the City of Dimmitt to supplement expenditures incurred by the operation of the library. The funds are restricted by the City for the use of the library.

Chapter 19 – Voter Registration – The Chapter 19- Voter Registration Fund accounts for funds issued by the Texas Secretary of State to voter registrars in Texas to help defray the County's voter registration expenses. The funds are restricted by law to be spent on any item or services designed to increase the number of registered voters, maintain and report an accurate list of the number of registered voters, and/or increase the efficiency of the voter registration office.

County Judge Excess Salary Supplement – The County Judge Excess Salary Supplement Fund accounts for additional received from the State of Texas to supplement the salary of the County Judge. The funds are restricted by law to be used to supplement the County Judge's office.

Sheriff's Petty Cash – The Sheriff's Petty Cash Fund accounts for funds committed by the Commissioners' Court to cover the costs associated with prisoner transportation.

Sheriff's Special Account – The Sheriff's Special Account Fund accounts for donations received from the residents of Castro County. The funds are restricted by the donors for the use and betterment of the county residents.

Unclaimed Property – The Unclaimed Property Fund accounts for outstanding checks from offices that are older than one year.

Check & Sight – The Check and Sight Fund accounts for fees collected by the County Attorney for every hot check processed through the office. The fees are dedicated by law to be used at the sole discretion of the County Attorney to defray the salaries and expenses of the prosecutor's office.

Courthouse Security – The Courthouse Security Fund accounts for statutory filing fees collected by the District and County Clerks which are dedicated by law to maintain the security of the courthouse.

County Clerk Records Management – The County Clerk Records Management Fund accounts for revenue from fees collected by the County Clerk on court cases. The fees are dedicated by law to be used for specific records management projects of the office.

County Law Library – The County Law Library Fund accounts for statutory fees collected in civil cases filed in County and District Courts. The fees are restricted by law to provide and maintain a County Law Library.

Constable Law Enforcement Education – The Constable Law Enforcement Education Fund accounts for funds received from the State of Texas on behalf of the Constable. The funds are dedicated by law for the use of continuing education of law enforcement personnel.

Sheriff's Forfeited Funds – The Sheriff's Forfeited Funds accounts for the assets and proceeds from the disposition of assets used in the commission of criminal activity and subsequently seized. The funds are dedicated by law to be used supplement the costs of the Sheriff's office.

County/District Attorney Forfeited Funds – The County/District Attorney Forfeited Funds accounts for the assets and proceeds from the disposition of assets used in the commission of criminal activity and subsequently seized. The funds are dedicated by law to be used supplement the costs of the County/District Attorney's office.

Sheriff Law Enforcement Education – The Sheriff Law Enforcement Education Fund accounts for funds received from the State of Texas on behalf of the Sheriff. The funds are dedicated by law for the use of continuing education of law enforcement personnel.

Justice Court Technology – The Justice Court Technology Fund accounts for money charged to a defendant convicted of a misdemeanor in a justice court. It is designated for the purpose of financing the purchase of technological enhancements for a justice court.

District Clerk Records Archive – The District Clerk Records Archive Fund accounts for fees collected by the District Clerk for the filing of a suit. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the preservation and restoration of the District Clerk's record archive.

County Clerk Records Archive – The County Clerk Records Archive Fund accounts for fees collected by the County Clerk for the filing of public documents. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the preservation and restoration of the County Clerk's record archive.

County/District Clerk Technology – The County/District Clerk Technology Fund accounts for fees collected from all defendants convicted in the County or District Courts. The fees are dedicated by law to be expended only for the costs of continuing education for county and district judges and clerks regarding technological enhancements for justice courts and the costs of those enhancements.

Courthouse Records Management – The Courthouse Records Management Fund accounts for fees collected by the County and District Clerks from all defendants convicted of an offense. The fees are dedicated by law to be used for specific records management and preservation purposes of the County.

Expo Building – The Expo Building Fund accounts for the rental income and deposits received in the use of the Expo Building by the residents of Castro County. The Commissioner's Court has committed these funds to be used to supplement the costs of maintaining the Expo Building.

Crime Line – The Crime Line Fund accounts for donations received from the residents of Castro County. The funds are restricted by the donors for the maintenance and upkeep of the tip based hotline maintained by the Sheriff's Department.

Pretrial Diversion – The Pretrial Diversion Fund accounts for fees charged to any defendant willing to participate in a pretrial intervention program. The fees are dedicated by law to be used to administer and maintain the pretrial diversion programs.

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Castro/Swisher Juvenile Probation Department			entennial Plaza	Hazel Merritt Bequest		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,157	\$	11,970	\$	42,572	
Prepaid expenses	•			-			
Total assets	\$	55,157	<u>\$</u>	11,970	\$	42,572	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	•	\$	4,060	
Due to other funds		3,600		-		-	
Accrued payroll and benefits	,	2,475	***************************************	-	-	-	
Total liabilities	***************************************	6,075		•		4,060	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-	
Restricted:		10.000					
By enabling legislation for special projects		49,082		11 070		20.512	
Special projects Committed:		-		11,970		38,512	
Special projects							
Unassigned (deficit)		-		_		-	
Shassighed (deficit)	***************************************						
Total fund balances	•	49,082		11,970		38,512	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	55,157	\$	11,970	\$	42,572	

Rhoads Memorial Library Donations & Memorials		Rhoads Memorial Library		Chapter 19 - Voter Registration		County Judge Excess Salary Supplement			riff's Petty Cash	Sheriff's Special Account		
\$	6,065	\$	59,978 62	\$	90	\$	412	\$	2,951	\$	264 -	
\$	6,065	\$	60,040	\$	90	\$	412	\$	2,951	\$	264	
\$	-	\$	1,153	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
			2,514		-	***************************************	-	****		**************************************	**	
····	-		3,667	***************************************	-			Manager Landson	-			
	-		62		-		-		-		-	
	- 6,065		56,311		90		412		-		- 264	
wantani kata kata kata kata kata kata kata kat		***************************************	-	the management of the second of the second	**	***************************************	-	B1000000000000000000000000000000000000	2,951	Marie Marie Marie Agreement Commission	-	
•	6,065	···········	56,373		90	•	412		2,951	W	264	
\$	6,065	\$	60,040	\$	90	\$	412	\$	2,951	\$	264	

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Continuation

		iclaimed roperty	Che	ck & Sight	Courthouse Security	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,285	\$	13,563	\$	63,335
Prepaid expenses	***************************************	-	Palyan Alexandra de Caracita d	**	Reconstruct - 1-1-7	•
Total assets	\$	11,285	\$	13,563	\$	63,335
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	269	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Accrued payroll and benefits	**************************************	_		272		-
Total liabilities		269		272		
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		••
Restricted:						
By enabling legislation for special projects		11,016		13,291		63,335
Special projects		-		_		-
Committed:						
Special projects		_		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)			**************************************	-	-	***
Total fund balances	***************************************	11,016		13,291	who were the second	63,335
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	11,285	\$	13,563	\$	63,335

County Clerk Records Management		County Law Library		Constable Law Enforcement Education		\mathbf{F}	heriff's orfeited Funds	\mathbf{A}^{\cdot}	ty/District ttorney ited Funds	Sheriff Law Enforcement Education	
\$	-	\$	5,980	\$	4,551	\$	4,818	\$	2,499	\$	41
\$	-	\$	5,980	\$	4,551	\$	4,818	\$	2,499	\$	41
\$	1,277 3,241	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
***************************************	4,518	Name of the last o		***************************************		***************************************			-	-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		5,980		4,551 -		4,818		2,499 -		41
*	(4,518)	***************************************	***		•		-	360-140-140-140-140-140-140-140-140-140-14	<u>.</u>	***************************************	-
**********	(4,518)	***************************************	5,980	***************************************	4,551		4,818		2,499	***************************************	. 41
\$		\$	5,980	\$	4,551	\$	4,818	\$	2,499	\$	41

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Continuation

		tice Court chnology	R	rict Clerk ecords rchive	County Clerk Records Archive	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,497	\$	1,740	\$	71,761
Prepaid expenses	description of the second of t	***	***********	-		**
Total assets	\$	38,497	\$	1,740	\$	71,761
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Accrued payroll and benefits	***************************************	***				•
Total liabilities		**	***************************************		*ausocoonúm/is-o	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid expenditures		-		****		•
Restricted:						
By enabling legislation for special projects		38,497		1,740		71,761
Special projects		-		-		-
Committed:						
Special projects		-		•		-
Unassigned (deficit)	***************************************	*	***************************************		***************************************	-
Total fund balances		38,497		1,740	Western Commission	71,761
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	38,497	\$	1,740	\$	71,761

(County/District Courthouse Clerk Records Technology Management		lecords	Expo	Expo Building Crime Line				retrial iversion	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds		
\$	7,628	\$	3,737	\$	2,994	\$	9,513	\$	3,983	\$	425,384 62	
\$	7,628	\$	3,737	\$	2,994	\$	9,513	\$	3,983	\$	425,446	
\$	- - -	\$	78 - -	\$	600 - -	\$	- - -	\$		\$	7,437 6,841 5,261	
Waterway and Company of Company 	-	***************************************	78		600	***************************************	-	•		Name of the leading o	19,539	
	-		-		-		-		-		62	
	7,628		3,659 -		-		- 9,513		3,983		282,383 122,635	
	N-	***************************************	-		2,394	anny and the special and the s	-	B201120112011201120112011201120112011201	-		5,345 (4,518)	
***************************************	7,628	***********	3,659	***************************************	2,394	\$100 miles	9,513	•	3,983	•	405,907	
\$	7,628	\$	3,737	\$	2,994	\$	9,513	\$	3,983	\$	425,446	

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	J P	ro/Swisher uvenile robation partment		ntennial Plaza	Hazel Merritt Bequest	
REVENUES						
Licenses and fees	\$	1,221	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		0.55.051		-		•
Intergovernmental		255,051		- 20		112
Interest		363		32		113
Miscellaneous	***************************************	953		-	***************************************	**
Total revenues	encerol/enterone encerol/encero	257,588		32		113
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administrative				-		•
Judicial		-		-		-
Public facilities		-		-		4,060
Public safety		-		-		~
Road and bridge		-		-		-
Public services		320,476		-		-
Total expenditures	Name of the last o	320,476	***************************************	***		4,060
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(62,888)		32		(3,947)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	***************************************	32,733		**		-
Total other financing sources		32,733				**
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(30,155)		32		(3,947)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	***************************************	79,237	***************************************	11,938	***************************************	42,459
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	\$	49,082	\$	11,970	\$	38,512

Me Li Dona	hoads morial brary ations & morials	N	Rhoads Iemorial Library	7	pter 19 - Voter stration	Exces	ty Judge ss Salary plement		riff's Petty Cash		Sheriff's cial Account
\$	-	\$	6,186	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-
	-		42,000		-		-		-		-
	16		212		-		-		7		2
***************************************	-	***************************************	67	***************************************	-		230		4,034		100
	16		48,465				230	-	4,041		102
	- - - - -		105,568 - - - 105,568 (57,103)		- - - - -		- - - - - -		- - 3,995 - - 3,995		- - 1,419 - - 1,419
***************************************			42,000	***************************************		Notes and the second se			***		_
	**	water	42,000	***************************************	**	***************************************	_		-		
	16		(15,103)		-		230		46		(1,317)
	6,049	Walter-Landschaft	71,476	***************************************	90		182		2,905	No.	1,581
\$	6,065	\$	56,373	\$	90_	\$	412	\$	2,951	\$	264_
						***************************************		***************************************			Continued

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Continuation

		claimed roperty	Chec	ek & Sight		urthouse ecurity
REVENUES Licenses and fees	\$		\$	1,627	\$	4,648
Fines and forfeitures	Ф	<u>-</u>	Ф	1,027	Ф	4,048
Intergovernmental		_		_		-
Interest		-				_
Miscellaneous	W#####################################	3,809	Table 10			***
Total revenues		3,809	***************************************	1,627		4,648
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administrative				-		-
Judicial		-		2,933		- - 017
Public facilities		2 500		-		6,017
Public safety Road and bridge		2,500 486		**		-
Public services		400				_
1 done services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		***************************************		***************************************	
Total expenditures		2,986	***************************************	2,933		6,017
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	***************************************	823	+	(1,306)	4-1-11-7-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	(1,369)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		~	***************************************	**	***************************************	~
Total other financing sources	***************************************	-	***************************************	_		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		823		(1,306)		(1,369)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	***************************************	10,193		14,597		64,704
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	\$	11,016	\$	13,291	\$	63,335

R	nty Clerk ecords nagement		unty Law Library	Enf	table Law orcement ucation	\mathbf{F}	heriff's orfeited Funds	\mathbf{A}^{1}	ty/District ttorney ited Funds	En	eriff Law forcement ducation
\$	13,017	\$	3,570	\$	660	\$	- 4 52 5	\$	1.502	\$	1,669
	_		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		4,535		1,502		<u>-</u>
	-		- -		-		-		_		
	••		***		***	***************************************	***			The particular of the particul	
***************************************	13,017		3,570	***************************************	660	***************************************	4,535	***************************************	1,502		1,669
	19,847		-		•••		-		-		-
	-		16,386		-		-		-		-
	-		-		443		1,656		-		3,101
	-		-		-		-		-		-
***************************************	-	***************************************	_	***************	-		***	Management	-	·	***
•••••	19,847	Total Control Control	16,386	***************************************	443		1,656	to a supplemental and a supplem			3,101
www.	(6,830)		(12,816)	***************************************	217		2,879	***************************************	1,502	•	(1,432)
***************************************		***************************************	16,500		-	***************************************	-	V 2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	-		-
	-		16,500		-	<u></u>	***	-	<u></u>		**
	(6,830)		3,684		217		2,879		1,502		(1,432)
***************************************	2,312	•	2,296		4,334		1,939		997	**************************************	1,473
\$	(4,518)	\$	5,980	\$	4,551	\$	4,818	\$	2,499	\$	41_
											Continued

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Continuation

		ice Court	Re	ict Clerk ecords rchive	F	inty Clerk Records Archive
REVENUES	Marine and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and a second an				***************************************	
Licenses and fees	\$	2,375	\$	765	\$	11,670
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	***************************************	-		5,	***************************************	-
Total revenues		2,375		765		11,670
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administrative		-		-		9,858
Judicial		153		-		_
Public facilities		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-
Road and bridge		•		••		***
Public services		-		-		-
Total expenditures		153		-		9,858
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,222		765	L.,	1,812
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	****		***************************************	<u></u>		*
Total other financing sources		-		-		·-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	2,222		765		1,812
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		36,275		975		69,949
	ď		ф.		ď	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING (DEFICIT)	\$	38,497	\$	1,740	\$	71,761

•	ty/District Clerk chnology	Rec	rthouse cords gement	Expe	o Building	Cri	me Line		retrial version		otal Non- Major vernmental Funds
\$	1,636	\$	3,003	\$	12,400	\$	2,445	\$	1,000	\$	67,892
	-		-		-		-		-		6,037
	-		-		-		-		-		297,051
	-		-		9		24		10		788
***************************************	*		-	*************		***************************************	-	***************************************			9,193
***************************************	1,636	Magnification	3,003	***************************************	12,409	*************************************	2,469	***************************************	1,010	*********************	380,961
	-		925		_		_		-		30,630
	-		-		***		-		-		19,472
	-		-		12,700		-		-		128,345
	-		-		-		1,242		-		14,356
	-		-		-		-		-		486
	-		-		_		-		-		320,476
•	-	V2	925	***************************************	12,700	***************************************	1,242	**************************************	**	Maria de Maria	513,765
***************************************	1,636		2,078		(291)		1,227		1,010	***************************************	(132,804)
											01.000
					**	*	-		-		91,233
		***************************************			**		-				91,233
	1,636		2,078		(291)		1,227		1,010		(41,571)
	5,992	***************************************	1,581		2,685		8,286		2,973	***************************************	447,478
\$	7,628	\$	3,659	\$	2,394	\$	9,513	\$	3,983	\$	405,907

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ROAD AND BRIDGE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	P. M.	Precinct #1 Road and	Pr.	Precinct #2 Road and	Precinct #3 Road and		Precinct #4 Road and	To Q	Total Road and Bridge Governmental
ASSETS	R	Bridge Fund	Bri	Bridge Fund	Bridge Fund	"	Bridge Fund		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable, net Prepaid expenses	€	280,682 9,242 2,713 3,564	↔	238,283 8,577 2,611 3,593	\$ 373,783 8,222 2,508 3,459	↔	271,227 7,557 2,406 3,490	٠	1,163,975 33,598 10,238 14,106
Total assets	8	296,201	↔	253,064	\$ 387,972	∞ ∥	284,680	∞ ∥	1,221,917
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits	↔	8,366	↔	11,100	\$ 505	<i>↔</i>	2,443	∨	22,414
Total liabilities		18,490		21,609	6,899		12,798		62,796
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,157		2,076	1,994		1,913		8,140
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,157		2,076	1,994	1	1,913		8,140
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid expenditures Committed:		3,564		3,593	3,459		3,490		14,106
Special projects		271,990		225,786	372,620		266,479		1,136,875
Total fund balances		275,554		229,379	376,079		269,969		1,150,981
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	8	296,201	8	253,064	\$ 387,972	∞ ∥	284,680	€9	1,221,917

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ROAD AND BRIDGE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Ê	111 70	ב י	CH TO	ב ב	£11 75 113		# TT + C -	Total	Total Road and
	2 S	Freeinct #1 Road and	7. 8. 8.	Freeinct #2 Road and	Roa	Freeinct #3 Road and	Frecinct #4 Road and	ict #4 and	Gov	briuge Governmental
	Brid	Bridge Fund	Brid	Bridge Fund	Bridg	Bridge Fund	Bridge Fund	Fund		Funds
REVENUES										
Property taxes	69	183,960	⇔	177,018	69	166,604	~	166,607	6/3	694,189
Licenses and fees		143,916		134,239		128,547		119,723		526,425
Intergovernmental		6,354		6,354		6,354		6,354		25,416
Interest		1,082		1,129		1,322		1,344		4,877
Miscellaneous		3,715		2,683		7,729		2,519		16,646
Total revenues		339,027		321,423		310,556		296,547	. Well-broke the state of the s	1,267,553
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Road and bridge		349,248		280,602		240,638	(1	278,514		1,149,002
Capital Outlay		21,000		69,272		29,013		157,990		277,275
Total expenditures		370,248		349,874		269,651	7	436,504		1,426,277
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(31,221)		(28,451)		40,905	5	(139,957)		(158,724)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		306,775		257,830		335,174	7	409,926		1,309,705
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	8	275,554	↔	229,379	↔	376,079	8	269,969	↔	1,150,981

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

The Agency Funds account for assets received in the capacity of trustee or agent for the County, other governmental entity or individual.

County Attorney – The County Attorney Fund accounts for the partial payments of restitution and fees associated with the collection of hot checks within the County limits.

County/ District Clerk – The County/District Clerk's Fund accounts for registry funds held by the County and District Clerk.

Inmate Trust – The Inmate Trust Fund accounts for inmate funds being held for the benefit of the inmate.

Tax Assessor Collector – The Tax Assessor Collector's Fund accounts for money collected by the Tax Assessor Collector and remitted to The State of Texas.

CASTRO COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			county ctorney	nty/District Clerk	_	nmate Trust	x Assessor Collector	-	Total
Cash	ASSETS	\$	1,433	\$ 63,344	\$	781	\$ 47,990	\$	113,548
	Total assets	\$	1,433	\$ 63,344	\$	781	\$ 47,990	\$	113,548
	LIABILITIES								
Accou	nts payable	\$	1,433	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,433
Due to	other governments		-	-		-	47,990		47,990
Depos	its	***************************************	-	 63,344		781	 		64,125
	Total liabilities	\$	1,433	\$ 63,344	\$	781_	\$ 47,990	\$	113,548

PART III COMPLIANCE



To The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Castro County, Texas

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and its respective budgetary comparison schedules, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Castro County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Castro County, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Castro County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Castro County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Castro County, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Castro County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.

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However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, LLC

DOSHIER, PICKENS & FRANCIS, L.L.C.

January 22, 2016